Six Sigma Practices and Organizational Performance in Malaysian Healthcare Industry

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Abstract: Successful of six sigma (SS) implementation have been reported in manufacturing industries. Recently, SS practices as quality management initiatives received the wide attention of many practitioners and researchers in service industry such as healthcare industry. The purpose of this study is to review structural analysis the SS and organizational performance (OP) in Malaysian healthcare industry. SS is matched with healthcare sector because the healthcare nature of zero tolerance for medical error. A conceptual model using Structural Equation Modeling (SEM) has been proposed and will be used to study the relationship between SS practices and OP. Based on the previous study and proposed research model, research hypotheses are being developed.

Keywords: Six Sigma Practices, quality management initiative, organizational performance, healthcare and Malaysia

I. INTRODUCTION

Recently, healthcare industry is expending well within the public and private sector. Confirming to that, one of the largest private group in Malaysia, KPJ Healthcare Berhad which earned a profit after tax increased from year to year. It shows in year 2007 until 2011, their profit are RM77.8 million, RM89.3 million, RM114.7 million, RM126.2 million and RM154.3 million respectively [1]. This increment the healthcare industry is expending rapidly. In addition, the communities are very concerned about healthcare and expected good service when obtaining services. In line with the request, the healthcare industry should take initiative to improve their services in order to satisfy customer's needs [2] and reducing operating cost [3].

On top of that, reduce medical error, improving worker productivity and patient safety have become impressing issue in healthcare industry to enhance their organizational performance (OP). Therefore, to meet OP, healthcare industry can use and apply many quality management initiatives such as Six Sigma (SS), Total Quality Management (TQM), Lean Production (LP), Balanced Scorecard (BSC) and others [4]. The main objective of this paper is to review structural analysis the SS and OP in Malaysian healthcare industry. Hence, there are four indicators of SS which are leadership; customer focus; structured improvement procedure; and focus in metric. For dependent variables (OP), there are four indicators which is financial performance; customer performance; internal business process performance; and innovation and learning growth performance.

Next, this paper is organized as follow: in section 2, the literature of study consisting SS practices, OP and healthcare industry are reviewed; in section 3, research methodology are described; in section 4, proposed research model are presented; and finally in section 5, conclusion and future research are discussed.

II. Literature Review

2.1 Six Sigma Practices

Motorola is the pioneer and first company that using SS method at 1980's. Their engineer, Bill Smith came up with idea of this method to improve their quality management of product. Statistically, the aiming of SS is to reduce defect rate of 3.4 defects per one million of opportunities (DPMO) or almost free-error [5;6;7;8] SS in business viewpoint focus more to meet expectation and enhancing customer satisfaction [9;10] by improving the effectiveness and efficiency of all operation [11]. Various definitions of SS had stated among previous researchers with reflect different perspective. Table 1 shown the summary of definition of SS.

Table 1: The summary of definition of six sigma

Authors	Definition
Habidin [4]	SS having a great effect to increase quality by minimize defect rate and maximize the
	performance and capability
Llyod and	The aims of SS are to reduce and eliminate waste, enhance customer satisfaction and
Holsenback [7]	increase the profitability
Thomas et al. [9]	SS goal is to reducing manufacturing and service cost

Brun [10]	Implementing SS in organization is focus to increase customer satisfaction by improved processes capability.
Gilbert [12]	SS is a tool which is data driven, process improvement, identify the problem to achieve bottom line results
Heuvel et al. [13]	SS is not just trick to organize improvement projects but it is a set of managerial instruments to achieve the results of improvement projects and maximising the performance.
Kwak and Anbari [14]	SS is a business strategy that focuses on meet the expectation of customer needs, business system, productivity and financial returns with reducing the cost.
Buyukozkan and Ozturkcan [15]	SS is a company-wide systematic approach to achieving continuous process improvements

An organization defines as world class organization if they apply SS in every process [16]. SS as quality management program has been well recognized and it has been implemented by many world class organizations. Besides, SS also have been known as initiatives that are important to operation and business excellence [17]. In the manufacturing industry, world class transnational organization such as Motorola, General Electric, Sony [17], Samsung, Hyundai [18], and so on also had got the great successful by obtained millions of dollars in savings, increased customer satisfaction [17], obtained high level results, improved their work processes, enhancing employees' skills and change the culture [19]. In the service industry, the large companies such as American Express, City Bank, Zurich Financial Services [17], Korea Telecom [18], City Group [20] and others has been successful and get the benefit from SS quality management program.

Recently, operation management research are concerning SS in various sector are rapidly growing. Table 2 shows some examples of research SS base on sectors.

Table 2: Research of six sigma base on sectors

Sectors	Authors
Healthcare and hospitality	Lifvergren et al. [2]; Thomerson [3]; Antony [17]; Antony [21];
	Behnke and Breyfogle [22]; Antony et al. [23];; Aboelmaged [24]
Financial	Antony [17]; Antony [21]; Behnke and Breyfogle [22]; Aboelmaged
	[24]; Heckl et al. [25]; Chen et al. [26]
Education and training	Kim [27]; Saludin and Tan [28]; Mehrabi [29]
Automotive	Habidin [4]; Abreu et al. [30]
Military	Thompsen [31]
Software and information technology	Aboelmaged [24]; Hong and Goh [32]
(IT)	

Zu et al. [33] identified the critical associated with SS practices which are role structure, structured improvement procedure and focus in metric. While Schroeder et al. [34] defined SS in four relevant elements which are parallel-meso structure, improvement specialists, structured method, and performance metrics. Snee and Hoerl [35] also discovered the key of successful factors in SS such as committed leadership, use of top talent in SS roles, and an appropriate support infrastructure while Kwak and Anbari [14] stated that management involvement and organizational commitment; project selection, management, and control skills; encouraging and accepting cultural change; and continuous education and training as key of successful factors in SS. This study is concerning SS in leadership, customer focus, structured improvement procedure and focus in metric.

2.1.1 Leadership

Leadership is critical for SS to success [34]. A leader needs to have a powerful influenced and respected from organization [36]. When leader have characteristic with full commitment, so it make easy to implement SS in organization because leader can organize and synergize employee's activities [36] and ensure every employees participate in every project [37] to achieve the organization's goals. In addition, leader should improve in decision making appropriately, timely, effectively, and efficiently that will make organization get the chance to increased product or service performance and enhance the profitability [38].

2.1.2 Costumer focus

Another critical success factors to ensure long term organizational survival and achieve organization goal is to understand and incorporate customer needs and expectation [37;39;40]. Based on Deming [41], to design a product or service, organization should stress the customer's present and future needs. Costumer will demand better quality products or services continuously, and to fulfil their expectation, organization has to use various approaches [8]. In relation to that, SS is one of the well-known approaches that can use to meet customer needs. This is because customer focus plays an important role to achieve continuous quality improvements [42] customer satisfaction and value [43]. Cheng [20] also state that SS emphasize base on the

voice of customer. Hence, every suggestion, requirement or information from customer will consider [44] and it will become key competitors in searching for business excellence [20].

2.1.3 Structured improvement procedure

Basically, improvement is part of our culture [45] and it is driven better performance. Schroeder *et al.* [34] noted that structure method refers to the theory of organizational routines which is changing the organization's routines to established routines or implement new routine meanwhile, Sodikoglu and Zehir [36] stated that continuous improvements is searching for never ending improvements until find the suitable and better methods. Zu *et al.* [33] described structured improvement procedure as standardized procedure in planning and conducting improvement project. SS had well known the best approach to process improvement [35]. Besides that, SS allow a way of improving process that assists organization to produce world class products and services [9]. Coinciding with this, Jenicke *et al.* [8] stipulated that companies in US and other part of world had been successfully implemented SS to improve better quality of products or services. However, recently, Lifvergren *et al.* [2] also recommended implement SS as improvement practices in healthcare development initiatives.

2.1.4 Focus in metrics

Most of organizations have dilemma in identifying what to measure [46]. Organization should have a clear idea, selecting and measuring the correct metrics [47;48;49]. SS metrics are used to set improvements goals [33;50]. When the organization set their measurement system, they have to track and follow up the progress of the project and result [35;37;51]. Most of the employee in organization must understanding of work processes to achieve the organization's goal [52;53]. Schroeder *et al.* [34] discovered that in manufacturing and service organization used a variety of special metrics such as process sigma measurements, critical to quality metrics, financial measures, and strategic measures.

SS proved had been implemented successfully whether in manufacturing and service industry. Recently, Swink and Jacobs [54] investigated the operational impacts of SS programs adoptions and the authors discover that SS adoption have a significant positive effect on profitability and sales growth. Others research findings on SS study shown in Table 3.

Table 3: The summary of research findings on six sigma study

Authors	Findings
Zu et al. [33]	The study discovers SS practices assist to enhance performance improvement in United
	States manufacturing industry.
Habidin and Yusof [52]	Authors found that there is positive and direct strong relationship between SS (structured improvement procedures and focus in metric) and financial performance in Malaysian
	automotive industry.
Kumar and Kwong	Using SS on operations of retail pharmacy is very applicable and quiet effective in helping
[55]	to streamline and integrate the pharmacy process flow

2.2 Organizational Performance

Typically, achievement of adopted quality management initiatives, organizations want to measure the performance of their goals. Coinciding with this, researches investigate various types of performances such as business performance, firm performance, quality performance, innovation performance, financial performance, organizational performance, customer satisfaction and so on. Macinati [56] noted that OP can be measured in multi-dimensional approach. Table 4 shown the measurement of OP that had been carried out by previous researchers. Authors proposed OP in four ways which are financial performance, customer performance, internal business process performance and innovation and learning growth performance.

Table 4: Measurement of organizational performance

Authors	Measurement of organizational performance
Habidin [4]	Financial performance; customer performance; internal business process;
	innovation and learning growth
Macinati [56]	Financial performance; operational performance; outcome performance
Terziovski and Samson [57]	Bussiness performance; operational performance; employee relations; customer
	satisfaction
Fotopoulos and Psomas [58]	Internal procedures; customers; market share; the natural and social
_	environment.
Keramati et al. [59]	Customer satisfaction; Economic performance

2.2.1 Financial performance

Financial performance is a tangible outcome in every organization [60]. Other than that, it shows the organization's financial status [61]. Financial performance measures in financial terms such as revenue, debt, cash flow, profit, and many others. Table 5 shown financial measurement items suggested in literature.

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	A	В	C	D	E	F	G	
Increased operating revenues	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	6
Reduced costs				*	*	*	*	4
Decreased debt	*		*			*	*	4
Increased cash flow	*		*			*		3
Increase profit			*	*	*		*	4

⁽A) Karra and Papadopoulos [62]; (B) Urrutia and Eriksen [63]; (C) Revere *et al.* [61]; (D) Gurd and Gao [64]; (E) Macinati [56]; (F) Habidin, [4]; (G) Grigoroudis *et al.* [60]

2.2.2 Customer performance

Antony *et al.* [23] discovered that SS practices can improve customer performance in healthcare industry. Habidin [4] interpreted understanding need, information and data from customers will give benefits to organization to produce high quality product or service, improving productivity and increase the profitability. Customer performance can measure in a many ways like customer satisfaction, customer loyalty, customer request, and so on. Table 6 presented customer measurement items suggested in literature.

Table 6: Customer measurement items suggested in literature

	A	В	C	D	E	
Increased customer satisfaction	*	*	*	*	*	5
Improve respond to customer complaints				*	*	2
Increased acquisition		*	*	*		3
Increased customer retention		*	*	*		3
Improve respond to customer request				*		1

⁽A) Urrutia and Eriksen [63]; (B) Revere et al. [61]; (C) Gurd and Gao [64]; (D) Habidin [4]; (E) Grigoroudis et al. [60]

2.2.3 Internal business process performance

Many organizations focus in internal business process like product or service quality, management efficiency, enhance operation and so on. Effectiveness and efficiency of internal business process give the greatest impact to customer and achieve the financial goals [60;61]. Table 7 shown internal business process performance measurement items suggested in literature.

 Table 7: Internal business process measurement items suggested in literature

					cc			
	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	
Improvement of internal process efficiency		*	*	*	*	*	*	6
Improvement of management efficiency			*	*	*		*	4
Improvement of product/ service quality			*			*		2
Improvement strategic forecasting						*	*	2
Reduced the defect	*						*	2

⁽A) Fuentes-Fuentes *et al.* [65]; (B) Karra and Papadopoulos [62]; (C) Urrutia and Eriksen [63]; (D) Elbashir *et al.* [66]; (E)Wu [67]; (F) Rajesh *et al.* [68]; (G) Habidin [4]

2.2.4 Innovation and learning growth performance

Innovation and learning growth performance focus on the ability of employees, the quality of information systems, and the effects of organisational alignment to achieve organization's goals [69]. Table 8 presented the innovation and learning growth performance measurement items suggested in literature.

Table 8: Innovation and learning growth measurement items suggested in

	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	H	
Increased employee satisfaction	*	*	*		*		*	*	6
Improved employee training/ learning		*	*	*	*	*	*		6
Improved continuous improvement			*	*					2
Improved technology development						*	*	*	3
Improved the new product/ service			*		*		*		3
Improved the innovation development			*	*					2

(A) Fuentes-Fuentes *et al.* [65]; (B) Urrutia and Eriksen [63]; (C) Gurd and Gao [64]; (D) Guimaraes *et al.* [70]; (E) Wu [67]; (F) Rajesh *et al.* [68]; (G) Habidin [4]; (H) Grigoroudis *et al.* [60]

There are many previous study investigated quality management with OP. Table 9 presented the summary of research findings on OP.

Table 9: The summary of research findings on organizational performance

Authors	Findings
Fotopoulos and	The objective of the study is to investigate the relationships between the TQM factors and
Psomas [58]	organizational performance. Authors identified that TQM affect the organizational
	performance.
Fuentes-Fuentes et al.	This study investigated the relationship between total quality management and
[65]	organizational performance of Spanish firms. This study found customer focus (TQM) has a
	positive affect to financial and operational performance (organizational performance)
Elbashir et al. [66]	This study discovers there are a positive and significant relation between business process
	(customer intelligence; supplier relations; internal efficiency) and organization
	performance.
Akgun <i>et al</i> . [71]	Authors found that there are positive relationship between firm innovativeness and
	organizational (firm) performance in Turkish firms.
Lee <i>et al</i> . [72]	The purpose of the study is to investigate relationship between quality management
	practices and organizational performances in Korean healthcare industry. They found
	quality management practices have the significant impact to organizational performances.

2.3 Healthcare Industry

Recently, the implementations of SS practices not only focus to manufacturing industry, but also in service industry. For example, Lifvergren *et al.* [2] noted that SS is practical concept in enhancing healthcare processes. In regards to that, Ministry of Health Malaysia has adopted SS methodology to improve their quality services [73]. Besides that, the SS is matched with healthcare sector because the healthcare nature of zero tolerance for medical error in the processes [14;74]. Stock *et al.* [75] defined two types of medical error which is human error and non-human error. SS can be applied to almost of healthcare organization such as radiology, nursing, pharmacy and so on as shown in Table 10.

Table 10: Research of six sigma in healthcare by sectors

Sectors	Authors
Radiology	Thomerson [3]; Llyod and Holsenback [7]; Cherry and Seshadri [76];
	Bahensky et al. [77];
Nursing	Heuvel et al. [13]; Simmons et al. [78]
Medication	Lifvergren et al. [2]; Revere and Black [79]
Surgery	Lifvergren et al. [2]

The succeed in adopted SS in healthcare industry can be seen in the study of Lifvergren *et al.* [2] discover that 75% which is 15 out of 22 projects that have been implemented using the SS practices in Skaraborg Hospital Group (SKaS), Sweden for a period of 3 years (2006-2008) reached their intended goals. Besides, the net cost savings per completed project/year amounts to US\$55,300. Table 11 presents the summary of research findings on SS in healthcare industry.

2.4 Six Sigma Practices and Organizational Performance

The investigation between SS practices and performance has received substantial attention. Habidin [4] found lean SS implementation has a direct and strong relationship on OP in Malaysian automotive industry. Abreu *et al.* [30] discovered SS can be used in organization to handling customer complaints. In addition, Swink and Jacobs [54] found overall effects of SS adoption are typically positive to financial performance in service firms. Like manufacturing industries that have successfully implemented SS, service industry like healthcare also can get the benefits from implementing SS [17]. According to Antony *et al.* [23], implementing SS had improved the financial, operational and customer performance of United Kingdom National Health Service.

On top of that, Thomerson [3] discovered Commonwealth Health Corporation (CHC) excess \$1.2 million, increased radiology throughput of 33% and savings of 21.5% per radiology procedure when implemented SS. Heuvel *et al.* [80] also identified the result of implementing SS practices at the Red Cross Hospital in Beverwijk, Netherlands towards financial performance that shows the completed projects produced €1.2 million in annual savings. In addition, Hilton *et al.* [74] carried out the critical success factor at SS initiatives (training; close customer relationships; process improvement; measurement; organizational structures; and zero defect mentality) for Australian hospital are significantly positive correlated to performance (equitable and timely access into the clinical services of emergency, outpatients and surgery; the appropriate safe and timely discharge back to the community) at 1%. To understand the relationship between SS practices and OP in Malaysia healthcare industry, the following propose hypothesis will be test.

 H_1 : There is a positive and direct significant relationship between six sigma practices implementation and organizational performance in Malaysian healthcare industry

III. Research Methodology

Healthcare industries were chosen because the use of quality initiative and performance measurement in this sector is very important. It is an important industrial driver of industrial management and development, because it brings together various components, which are manufactured by suppliers in other industries [81]. In this study, samples were selected from the list of hospital in Malaysian. In achieving the objectives of the study, the Malaysian private hospitals were selected as the population. Authors will use the structured questionnaire as sampling method.

Structural Equation Modeling (SEM) techniques was utilize to perform the require statistical analysis of the data from the survey. Exploratory factor analysis, reliability analysis and confirmatory factor analysis to test for construct validity, reliability, and measurements loading were performed. Having analysed the measurement model, the structural model was then tested and confirmed. The statistical Package for the Social Sciences (SPSS) version 17 was used to analyze the preliminary data and provide descriptive analyses about thesis sample such as means, standard deviations, and frequencies. SEM using AMOS 6.0 will use to test the measurement model.

IV. Proposed Research Model

Based on literature review before, there are many previous study investigating SS practices and OP. Authors propose to analyze the relationship between SS and OP in Malaysian healthcare industry. Figure 1 presented the proposed research model.

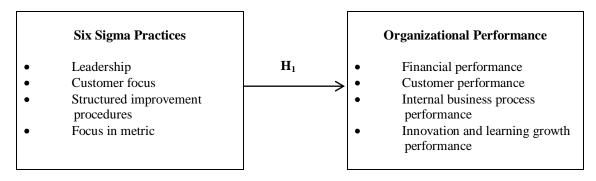


Figure 1: Proposed model of the study

V. Conclusion and Future Research

SS practices are quality management initiatives that get the wide attention of many practitioners and researchers. The positive relationship between SS practices and many OP had been proved with previous study [82]. In order to that, the purpose of this study is to carry out structural analysis the SS practices (leadership; costumer focus; structured improvement procedure and; focus in metric) and OP (financial performance; customer performance; internal business process performance and; innovation and growth learning performance) in Malaysian healthcare industry. This study also has conducted based on the proposed conceptual model. From previous study and proposed research model, research hypothesis are being develop. Future agenda, in order to get the empirical result, set of questionnaire are develop and analyse according to SEM techniques.

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