Design and Development of a Database Driven Result Processing System (A case study of Isah Mustapha Agwai Polytechnic, Lafia)

Garba Mohammed Rabiu^[1]

Department of Computer Science, School of Science and Technology, Isah Mustapha Agwai Polytechnic, Lafia

Anafa David Mudi^[2]

Department of Computer Science, School of Science and Technology, Isah Mustapha Agwai Polytechnic, Lafia

Abstract

This study covers the design and development of a Database Driven Result Processing System for Isah Mustapha Agwai Polytechnic, Lafia. Several efforts made towards lessening the burden of result processing of the Polytechnic on the examination officer kept on failing with the constant use of a flat file system. Popular observation of the current flat file based system supports room for improvement. Hence, the introduction of a robust database driven result processing to the Polytechnic optimized the process. To accomplish this, preliminary investigations were carried to ascertain the functionality of the existing system. This process was carried out in selected Departments. The strengths and weaknesses of the current result processing system were identified. The new result system was designed to correct all the identified lapses in the existing system. Data were gathered from the respondents through face to face interview and personal observation. The new system was developed using PHP (Hypertext processor) programming language and MYSQL (My Structural Query Language according to the principle of the Structured System Analysis and Design methodology (SSADM). **Keywords:** Driven, Result, Academic Board (AB), System, GPA

Date of Submission: 07-03-2022

Date of Acceptance: 23-03-2022

I. Introduction

Examination result is one of the most imperative aspects of education. It is a way through which the teachers, parents and the society measure the learning ability and general performance of every student [4]. Student's' examination result is an official record of student's work that shows the courses they have offered and the marks earned [4][5]. It determines the level of progress a student has made in a course. Students are usually keen to knowing their performances in various courses they have taken. This substantiates the need to process students' result and return accurate scores, grades and cumulative grade points; as this enable the students to know the courses they have passed and those they have failed[9][4].Processing and publishing of students' results is naturally time consuming since lecturers are burdened with a lot of other academic works like lecturing, research, marking of the exams scripts and attending to other duties which tend to affect the timely, efficient and accurate recording of students' results. The effort expended in computation of the students' examination results is awesome and quite worrisome is the fact that, this process is carried out every semester, putting the operators in a continuous and ever demanding loop [11][2].

1.1 STATEMENT OF THE PROBLEM

Result is one of the major determinants of students' academic prowess therefore, it is crucial to ensure that the students' results are computed accurately and on time. Currently, the processing of students' results in Nasarawa State Polytechnic, Lafia is spreadsheet based with its attendant lapses. The examination officers go through strenuous manual entering of students' scores and this is highly energy sapping and error bound. Apart from this, spreadsheet system is very slow in processing students' result partly because the spreadsheet platform acts as the processor and the database engine simultaneously. Students only have access to their result when it is placed on notice board and this makes it impossible for the students to view their results individually and at their convenient. Corrupt and wayward examination officers most times alter students' scores in exchange for money and consequently, weak students having better grade point average (GPA) than good students. And this is because the spreadsheet permits submission of mark sheets to the examination officers, who then enter the scores into the spreadsheet system.

Moreover, there were several cases of wrong transfer of scores and grades involving spill-over students. Courses were listed as carry over for undeserving students and most times the solution comes by manually going through previous printed copies of the students result to correct the irregularity.

1.2 AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

This study aimed to suggest the design and develop a database driven result processing system for Nasarawa State Polytechnic, Lafia. Accordingly, the following specific objectives were set:

- I. To develop a system that guarantees automatic processing of result and devoid of manual entering of scores by examination officers.
- II. To develop a system that is fast, reliable and scalable.
- III. To develop a system that stores students' result record in a relational database system.
- IV. To develop a system that publishes students' result individually and collectively.

1.3 METHOD OF ACHIEVING THE OBJECTIVE OF THE STUDY

This study adopts realistic algorithm steps as follows:

- 1. Uploading of the student score sheet into the database,
- 2. Running of process code to compute the total, GPA and CGPA respectively.
- 3. Generate the output for all the students.

The prototype method is adopted and used in the software development cycle to interact with the feedback gotten at each phase of development as well as updating the process to fulfill requirement of the exam officers. The final result processing software developed is evaluated with the documented records (printed files) for accuracy and consistency. When the requirements are not met, the software is updated and iterated to meet the requirement.

1.4 JUSTIFICATION OF THE STUDY

Based on these problems listed in section 1.1, there is need to develop a system that takes care of all the lapses and irregularities associated with the present result system. The proposed system will tap from the processing power of the computer's central processor and will be composed of three layers namely:

- the Graphical Users' Interface (GUI)
- the Logic/Instruction, and
- the Database

Each of these layers will execute certain levels of functions thoroughly and collaboratively. The graphical users' interface (GUI) provides the enabling user environment to input, output results as well as online conversation; the logic, function or instruction layer handles all forms of logical computation, algorithm execution, implementation and interpretation whereas the database engine handles different kinds of data input made into the system as well as data storage functions.

Furthermore, computation of result is an object oriented activity, where the student is the dominant object. Hence, the need to proffer, not just a computerized process, but an object-oriented software design that will effectively and efficiently capture all the important objects associated with result processing within the institution. Hence, the Design and Development of a Database Driven Result Processing System for the case study.

1.5 LIMITATION OF STUDY

This study covers the computation of students course work and examination scores in the results processing exercise and is limited to two semesters with the information of students of 2014/2015 session in consideration and in particular, this study is limited to result processing of Computer Science department, Nasarawa State Polytechnic with strict compliance to polytechnic academic grading system.

II. Review Of Related Literature

The delay in the release of students result largely developed due to the disharmony existing between the ICT department and the Directorate of Student Affairs of their case study. This disharmony has led to ineffective result processing experience, inefficiency in result processing procedure as well as impact negatively in students' academic progression [6]. In addition other school and students management based systems were associated with the result processing system enumerated the associated management based systems to include: Student Information Systems (SIS), Student Management Information Systems (SMIS), Student data Systems (SDS), Student Data Warehouse (SDW), Student Academic Information Systems (SAIS), or Student Information Management Systems (SIMS) [6]. The study recommended a method of gathering examination scores and course work into a mark sheet before uploading at once into the result processing system for processing. A system consists of various parts that are organized to work as a whole to achieve a stated goal. Similarly, an examination result processing consists of various sub systems that needs to operate synergistically as a unit to achieve the accurate processing and representation of students' performance following every prescribe rule and grading system [6][10].

Sokoto Polytechnic processes students' result using the Microsoft Office Excel – a spreadsheet programme categorize into the family of Lotus-123. This chosen system was then analyzed and compared with a British SITS Vision system for result processing. The result of analysis in comparison of the two system sampled through a questionnaire administered by the researchers revealed that the British SITS Vision result processing the ability to analyze student information and highlighting the best students [10]. The study recommended the British SITS Vision as a standardized result processing system for universities, polytechnics, colleges and other institute of higher learning.

Many researchers have faulted a flat-file based system for result processing, their stand referred to this practice as semi-manual mode of result processing contesting that this mode of result processing allows students' examination scores and course work grading to be kept in a common cell. Their posture stressed upon the inconsistent relationship and dependability that exist with the flat-file or cell-to-cell dependencies and references. Furthermore, incorrect result of the student might be displayed because of an unopened excel file in which a cell or cells are depended upon. In conclusion, academia and researchers recommends that it is imperative to develop an automated result processing system that will have the program different from the database to produce an accurate and efficient student result.

Network designed system would make an efficient result processing system [3]. In their illustration, the trio implemented a result processing using PHP as the backend scripting language and MySQL for the database or data set management system. The developed system consisted of various subprograms which worked as a unit. The system was designed to generate a report sheet which displayed courses and their corresponding students' scores. It was reported after implementation and testing phase that the system passed a benchmark of 99.5% accuracy, thus making room for improvement [3][6][10].

III. Methodology

This study adopts the Structured System Analysis and Design Methodology (SSADM) was adopted for the development of the proposed system. SSADM is an internationally accepted software engineering model mainly used in most result oriented analysis. To gather relevant data that was processed and turn relevant information during the system design, development and implementation phases of this high-level solution for the case study organization, several visits were made to the case study. The activities carried out during those visits are computed below:

• Inspection and examination of the existing system used by the case study organization.

• Logical Interviews that help evaluate the techniques and procedures undertaken by the existing system for result processing.

• Technical investigation about the operations, objectives, advantages/benefits, limitations and preferable possible ways to advancing the current system.

3.1 Method of Data Collection/Gathering

Students' data consisting of course work, assessments, examinations and others required for the processing of student results are compiled and submitted by different lecturers to the examination officer. The officer creates an MS Excel score sheets for the data.

3.2 Data/File Processing Method

The Polytechnic uses Microsoft Office Excel for the result processing. The examination officer inputs the student scores recorded on the score sheets into the MS Excel Cells for processing. The computation of Grade Point Average (GPA) and Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) is based on the inter-relationship between

MS Excel Cells and the formulated formula for the computation of the various MS Excel cells upon which the students' scores are inputted into.

3.3 System Flow

The File Based System (Microsoft Office Excel) adopted allow only the examination offer to access the system. Everything is manage by the examination officer.

IV. System Design And Development

The system constrained in a manner that allows only accurate input and output requirement of the system project. It cites the sources of the input data, method of processing and output of the stem. This system is more efficient, effective and accurate in processing the inputs of the polytechnic result processing system, with the input supplied at the point of execution (that is by uploading score sheet). The output is the comprehensive listing of all the students' result sheet (Name, registration number, attendance, course work, examination score, total and the grade) and the summary sheet which displays the CGPA for two semesters.

4.1 **OBJECTIVE OF THE DESIGN**

The design objective is to develop a system that shall produce accurate, efficient and effective performance assessment of each student by gathering useful data, analyze the data and proffer a long term solution to the challenges face with the use of the existing traditional method of processing students result by the case study organization. This primary objective leads to the evolution of the new design of a Database Driven Polytechnic Result Processing System, which allow the following:

- Accuracy in student results record keeping
- An error –free result processing system
- A secured storage for school data for both the students and school management.

4.2 ARCHITECTURE OF THE PROPOSED SYSTEM

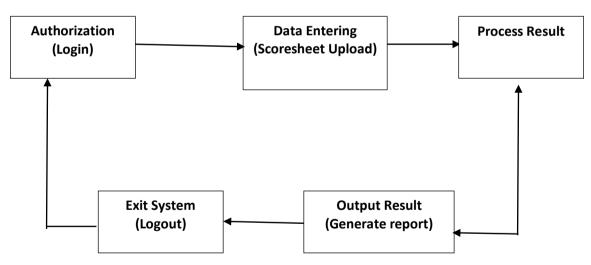


Figure 1: Overall System Architecture Diagram

4.2.1 Data Flow Diagram

The Data Flow Diagram of this database driven result processing system describes the flow of data and the processes that change or transform data throughout the system. This structured analysis and design tool provide illustrative analysis for flowcharting in place of, or in association with, information-oriented and process-oriented system flowcharts. The chart is as follows:

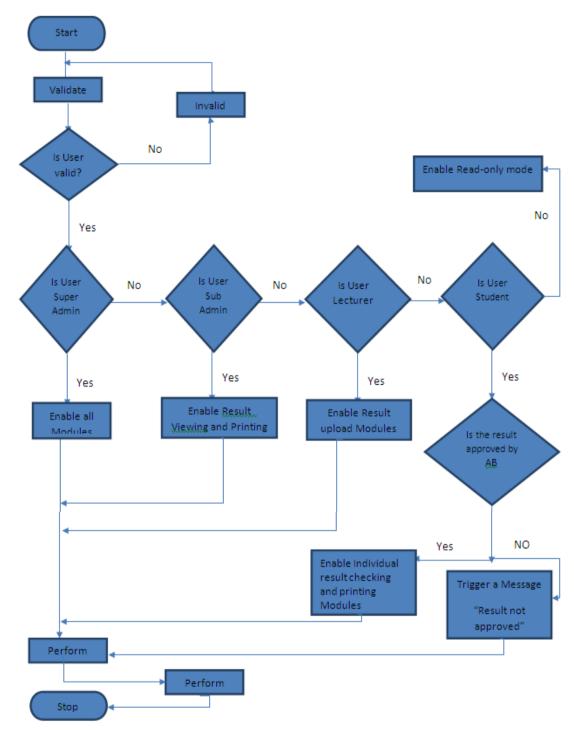


Figure 2: Data Flow Diagram

4.2.2 System Flowchart

The system flowchart present a logical and procedural order of activities in the utilization of the operational and functional modules allowed on the development system. The overall operational activities as well as it logical order is presented and all users of the system are required by standard of operation to follow the steps as outlined in the system flowchart.

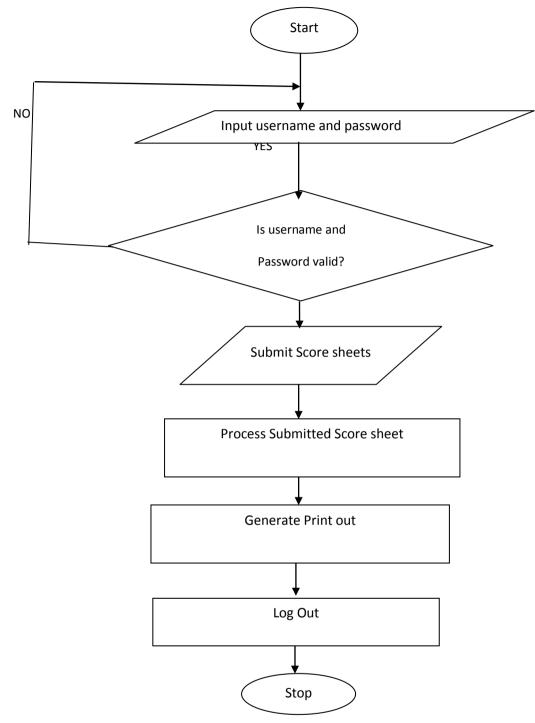


Figure 3: System Flow Chart

4.3 ANALYSIS OF THE NEW SYSTEM

The new system consists of four (4) basic operational modules, which are:

- admin (Head of Department)
- staff (lecturer)
- sub-admin (examination officers)
- students

It has a relational database engine for storing all forms of data generated. The system is secured and has a one way authentication method where auser is prompted to insert his/her login detail. If the username and password match with the ones in the database then access is granted. The supper admin creates new users and assign roles

to them as lecturers or examination officer. Students log in using their registration number as password and surname as username. The super admin oversees all the activities in the system and the examination officer as a sub admin for his Department has the privilege to send score sheets to lecturers via the lecturers registered email addresses and also prints result for Departmental consideration, School moderation and Academic Board approval. The lecturer has the privileged to upload results for the courses he handled. The entries are saved in CSV (comma separated values) format and imported into the result processor for direct computation. The lecturer also has the right to update students score based on Departmental or School or Academic Board directives. The student has the privilege to check his result and even print it out after the Academic Boards' approval.

4.4 CHOICE AND JUSTIFICATION OF DEVELOPMENT TOOLS

The choice of the following development tools were based on the following reasons:



Figure 4: Development Tools

PHP: Hypertext Preprocessor

- No fee for commercial user license
- Compatible with most severs
- Secure database connection
- Dozens of framework
- High speed

MYSQL: Relational database management system (RDBMS)

• It is open source and compatible with a wide range of systems, programming language and database models

- Fast and reliable
- It is scalable
- It provides automatic data retrieval

CSS5: Cascading Style Sheet

- It improves application performance
- It provides easy control over layout and presentation of other elements of the application
- It provides layout for other tools
- Helps to load application pages fast

HTML: Hypertext Markup Language

- It provides the application structure
- It helps to reduce server load
- It is compatible also

XML: Extensible Markup Language

- Helps to create flexible applications
- Has support for data structures from heterogeneous databases
- It defines the structure for a user interface

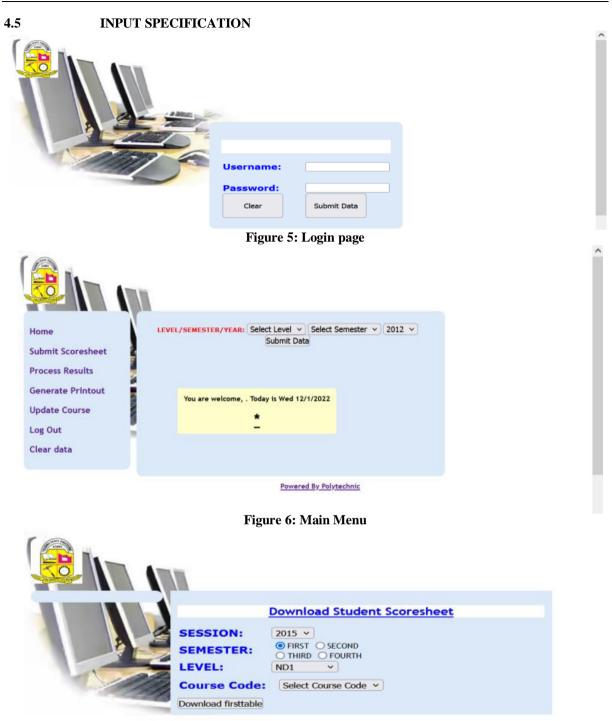


Figure 7: Download Score sheet

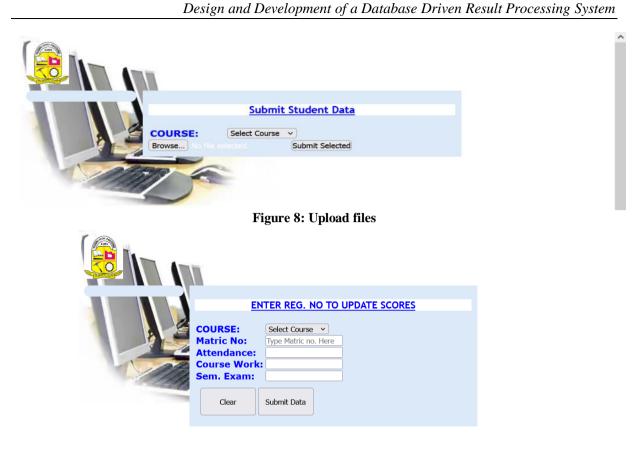


Figure 9: Update Student Data



Figure 10: Print Page

4.6 DATABASE SPECIFICATION

Database used for this work is the MySQL, a structural query language suitable for relational database management, data transactional operations and efficient for data mining. This database repository was chosen because it is an open source and suitable for organizing and presenting information in a logical manner as a standard for checking data redundancy, inconsistency as well as preserve data integrity amongst others. Its implementation was done using MySQLi server and InnoDB engine was adopted. The database consists of tables and are presented below:

s/n	Field Name	Data Type	length
1	Id	int	255
2	username	Varchar	30
3	Password	varchar	50
4	Date_log	Datetime	
5	logType	Varchar	100
6	session	Varchar	100
7	unit	Varchar	100
8	level	Varchar	100
9	Semester	Varchar	100

Table 1: Login Table Specification

s/n	Field Name	Data Type	length
1	sn	int	255
2	regno	text	
3	fullname	varchar	50
4	attendance	text	
5	courseWork	Varchar	10
6	SessionExam	Varchar	10
7	Total	Varchar	100
8	Point1	Double	100
9	Point2	Varchar	100
10	remlet	Varchar	255
11	remark	Varchar	100
12	coom	Varchar	200
13	Sess1	int	6
14	Sess2	int	6
15	semrester	Varchar	10
16	level	Varchar	100
17	course	Varchar	100
18	title	Varchar	250
19	datetimeinsert	datatime	

Table 2: Semester Table Specification

Table 3: Summary Table Specification

- 1		Dete Ture	
s/n	Field Name	Data Type	length
1	sn	int	255
2	regno	varchar	255
3	fullname	varchar	255
4	firstgpa	Double	
5	scondgpa	Double	
6	thirdgpa	Double	
7	fourthgpa	Double	
8	remark	Double	
9	Totalsem	text	
10	counter	Varchar	100
11	refresh	Varchar	100
12	session	Varchar	200
13	semlevel	Varchar	100

Table 4: Courses Table Specification

s/n	Field Name	Data Type	length
1	Id	int	10
2	coursetitle	Varchar	100
3	coursecode	varchar	10
4	level	Datetime	
5	creditunit	int	10
6	Score_sys	Varchar	10
7	semester	Varchar	10
8	department	Varchar	10
9	Semester	Varchar	100

Table 5: Students Courses Table Specification

	Tuble 51 Bruden	to Courses Tuble Sp	centeuron
s/n	Field Name	Data Type	length
1	sn	int	255
2	stuid	Varchar	100
3	regno	varchar	100
4	title	varchar	100
5	code	Varchar	10
6	unit	int	6
7	session	Varchar	100
8	level	Varchar	7
9	Semester	Varchar	10

	Table 6: Score	e Sheet Table Speci	tication
s/n	Field Name	Data Type	length
1	sn	int	255
2	regno	text	
3	fullname	varchar	50
4	attendance	text	
5	courseWork	Varchar	3
6	SessionExam	Varchar	3
7	Total	Varchar	100
8	Point1	Double	100
9	Point2	Varchar	100
10	remark	Varchar	100
11	coom	Varchar	200
12	Sess1	int	6
13	Sess2	int	6
14	semrester	Varchar	10
15	level	Varchar	5
16	course	Varchar	10
17	datetimeinsert	datatime	

Table 6: Score Sheet Table Specification

Table 7: Student Record Table Specification

s/n	Field Name	Data Type	length
1	stid	int	255
2	regno	varchar	150
3	fullname	varchar	255
4	highqual	varchar	200
5	levelndhnd	Varchar	20
6	Sess1	Varchar	15
7	Sess2	Varchar	100
8	sex	Double	100
9	mstatus	Varchar	100
10	dob	Varchar	10
11	nationality	Varchar	200
12	state	Varchar	25
13	lga	Varchar	255
14	phone	Varchar	20
15	email	Varchar	255
16	gname	Varchar	200
17	gadd	Varchar	255
18	gphone	Varchar	20
19	approval	Varchar	100
20	formx	Varchar	200
21	imagename	varchar	200
22	imagepath	varchar	200

OUTPU	T SPECIFICA	TION					
A1	l.	SA MU N	STAPHA A	GWAI I P DIPLOMA	OLYTECHNIC, LAFIA PROGRAMME		
SCHOOL	SCIENCE AND TECHNO	OLOGY		DEPART	MENT: CO	MPUTER SCIEN	ICE
LEVEL: ND1	ACADEMIC YEAR: 20	14/2015	DESCRIPTION			SEMESTER:	FIRST
SN	COURSE TITLE		ODE COURSEUNIT		ANALYSIS * Total no of Students,152 =100		
1 INTRODUCTION TO C	OMPUTING IGITAL ELECTRONICS	COM 1 COM 1		16/24 16/24	* Total no of Students,152 =100	19	
 INTRODUCTION TO E INTRODUCTION TO P 		COM I		16/24			
4 DESCRIPTIVE STATIS		STA 1		20/20			
5 ELEMENTARY PROBA		STA 1		16/24			
6 LOGIC AND LINEAR		MTH		16/24			
7 FUNCTIONS AND GEO		MTH 1		16/24			
8 TECHNICAL ENGLISH		OTM 1		16/24			
9 CITIZENSHIP EDUCAT	TON I	GNS 1	27 2	16/24			
10 USE OF LIBRARY		GLS 1	01 2	16/24			
			35				
NOTE:	SCORE	GRADE:	POINTS		RT. CRADING		
	75 - 100	A	4.00	SCORE (CGPA)	CLASS OF DIPLOMA	Head of Depar	tment:
	70 - 74	AB B	3.50 3.00	3.50 . 4.00	DISTINCTION UPPER CREDIT		
	60.64	BC	3.00	3.00 · 3.49 2.50 · 2.99	LOWER CREDIT		
	55 - 59	c	2.00:	2.00 . 2.49	PASS		
	50.54	CD	1.50 (FAIL)	BELOW 2.00	FAIL		
	45 - 49	D	1.00 (FAIL)				
	40 - 49	E	0.50 (FAIL)				
	0 - 39	F	0.00 (FAIL)			Dean:	

Figure 11: Result Page 1

				IS	A	М	UST	۱P	H			WAI SUL1					ECH	NI	c,	L	AF	IA								E		
sc	HOOL	SCIENCE AND TE	СНІ	NO	LO	GY		_		-							DEP	AR	тм	EN	T:		C	ом	PUT	FER	SCIE	ICE		1		
LE	VEL:	ND1					SEN	IES	те	R:				FIE	RST	r				A	CAD	EMIC	YE/	AR:			20	14	/20	15		
	_	COURSE CODE			1.00	DM 1	01			2.00	OM 1	12			3.CO	M 11	3		-	4.ST	A 111				5.ST	A 112				6.M	THI	11
		SYSTEM	T		5(16/24)	İ		5(6/24)			4()	6/24)				2(2	0/20)				2(1	6/24)				4(16/24)
55	REG NO	NAME	ATT	cw	sz	n	GRD & SCR	ATT	cw	sz	п	GRD & SCR	ATT	cw	sz	TL.	GRD & SCR	ΔΤΤ	cw	s	TL	GRD & SCR	ATT	cw	sz	TL	GRD & SCR	ATT	cw.	st	π	GRD 4 SCR
1	14/007	UGOR ADAMS	80	30	42	72	AB=17.5	87	38	44	82	A=20	80	16	20	36	F=0	75	21	24	45	D=4.5	80	23	47	70	AB=7	86	29	32	61	BC=12
2	14/042	LAMINI PETER DANIEL	79	30	40	70	AB=17.5	78	20	15	35	F=0	85	34	29	63	BC=12	75	20	20	40	E=4	80	16	26	42	E=4	84	17	27	44	E=S
3	14/055	ADOGAR MATHEW ELLEH	80	30	38	68	B=16.25	80	32	34	66	B=16.25	82	16	20	36	F=0	75	20	33	53	CD=5	80	22	41	63	BC=6	80	16	25	41	E=8
4	14/068	DANIEL NAOMI	90	30	38	68	B=16.25	81	29	37	66	B=16.25	85	32	24	56	C=11	75	22	44	66	B=6.5	80	16	48	64	BC=6	90	29	45	74	AB=14
5	14/069	CHUKWUMERITE NNAEMEKA GODGIFT	80	30	34	64	BC=15	82	33	31	64	BC=15	85	16	20	36	F=0	75	20	22	42	E=4	75	20	24	44	E=4	88	19	29	48	D=9
6	14/110	ADEYEFA OLADAPO ADESOPE	80	30	58	88	A=20	80	36	37	73	AB=17.5	85	32	40	72	AB=14	75	19	16	35	F=0	86	19	38	57	C=5.5	86	28	39	67	B=13
7	14/111	KWAPLONG TASIU SA'EED	75	30	48	78	A=20	83	34	37	71	AB=17.5	85	33	47	80	A=16	75	21	33	54	CD=5	77	19	48	67	B=6.5	80	33	55	88	A=16
8	14/115	ADAMU ISMAILA ABBAS	80	30	44	74	AB=17.5	80	33	29	62	BC=15	85	31	29	60	BC=12	75	20	20	40	E=4	77	18	41	59	C=5.5	80	16	24	40	E=8
9	14/118	SAMUEL JESSICA KUWANTA	90	25	46	71	AB=17.5	79	32	33	65	B=16.25	80	16	24	40	E=8	75	20	28	48	D=4.5	75	17	41	58	C=5.5	82	16	24	40	E=8
10	14/122	HASSAN ALHERI DAVID	90	25	38	63	BC=15	80	31	30	61	BC=15	85	32	30	62	BC=12	75	20	22	42	E=4	76	16	26	42	E=4	86	22	25	47	D=9
11	14/123	MUHAMMAD ABDULLAHI	80	35	36	71	AB=17.5	78	28	34	62	BC=15	80	32	26	58	C=11	75	20	31	51	CD=5	76	11	23	34	F=0	86	20	27	47	D=9
12	14/124	SALISU HAMIDU IBRAHIM	91	35	37	72	AB=17.5	80	37	24	61	BC=15	85	16	27	43	E=8	75	20	24	44	E=4	78	16	25	41	E=4	80	18	26	44	E=S
13	14/125	JIMMY ANDREW ABOY	75	30	36	66	B=16.25	79	16	24	40	E=10	82	32	16	48	D=9	75	22	28	50	CD=5	80	18	25	43	E=4	90	17	30	47	D=9
14	14/126	LOUIS CHRISTOPHER OGBONNAYA	75	35	46	81	A=20	80	24	27	51	CD=12.5	85	24	24	48	D=9	75	20	27	47	D=4.5	75	20	33	53	CD=5	80	28	40	68	B=13
15	14/136	MU'AZU MUKTAR USMAN	75	25	42	67	B=16.25	88	38	46	84	A=20	85	33	28	61	BC=12	75	21	41	62	BC=6	75	23	47	70	AB=7	84	29	36	65	B=13
16	14/141	OGAR LYDIA OMARI	75	25	42	67	B=16.25	80	26	25	51	CD=12.5	85	30	26	56	C=11	75	20	20	40	E=4	75	16	31	47	D=4.5	90	12	22	34	F=0
17	14/148	MODU FALMATA	80	25	32	57	C=13.75	84	22	25	47	D=11.25	85	16	33	49	D=9	75	17	16	33	F=0	77	17	28	45	D=4.5	84	22	25	47	D=9
18	14/149	NNABUIFE CHINENYE CHRISTAINA	80	25	40	65	B=16.25	85	32	41	73	AB=17.5	85	35	35	70	AB=14	75	20	41	61	BC=6	75	20	49	69	B=6.5	86	29	42	71	AB=14
19	14/150	PAUL VICTORIA OKON	80	30	36	66	B=16.25	88	37	44	81	A=20	80	37	27	64	BC=12	75	20	22	42	E=4	80	18	38	56	C=5.5	80	12	18	30	F=0
20	14/152	OMBUGADU BENJAMIN ISHAYA	80	25	38	63	BC=15	82	34	37	71	AB=17.5	85	17	21	38	F=0	75	20	29	49	D=4.5	80	16	34	50	CD=5	86	18	24	42	E=8
21	14/154	OMALUWA ABEL PETER	80	25	52	77	A=20	80	25	35	60	BC=15	80	32	46	78	A=16	75	20	32	52	CD=5	80	22	33	55	C=5.5	84	19	41	60	BC=12
22	14/155	EJIM MONICA IYIYA	90	30	40	70	AB=17.5	83	35	30	65	B=16.25	85	26	24	50	CD=10	75	20	36	56	C=5.5	80	18	26	44	E=4	80	17	24	41	E=S
23	14/156	YA'U ABUSIFIYANU	90	35	38	73	AB=17.5	78	30	24	54	CD=12.5	82	26	25	51	CD=10	75	20	20	40	E=4	75	16	24	40	E=4	90	19	27	46	D=9
24	14/159	BIKOM EMMANUEL OSOW-MUKO	90	30	39	69	B=16.25	81	21	32	53	CD=12.5	85	21	29	50	CD=10	75	20	34	54	CD=5	75	16	29	45	D=4.5	88	22	26	48	D=9
25	14/164	BAWA ISREAL TIMOTHY	75	25	40	65	B=16.25	80	23	31	54	CD=12.5	85	38	24	62	BC=12	75	20	26	46	D=4.5	77	16	39	55	C=5.5	86	29	30	59	C=11
26	14/165	AKOLO ALHERI ASHE	75	25	40	65	B=16.25	81	31	34	65	B=16.25	85	16	24	40	E=8	75	18	18	36	F=0	77	16	26	42	E=4	80	18	15	33	F=0
<		1			-	1			1											· · ·	· · · ·								· · ·			

Figure 12: Print Page 2

			15	SA	MU	ST/	APHA A R	GV ESI	/AI ULT	I P Sł	OL\ IEE	TECH	NIC	;, L/	AFI	A						
бСН	00L: _	SCIENCE AND TE	CHNO	LOG	Y							DEP	ART	MEN	T: _		COMPUT	ER S	SCIE	NCE	4	
LEV	EL:	ND1				SEM	ESTER:			F	IRST			AC	ADE	міс	YEAR:		2	014/2	2015	
		COURSE CODE SYSTEM			7.M	TH 112				8.0	TM 112				9.G	NS 127				10.0	HLS 101	
SN	REG NO	NAME	ATT	CW	SE	TL	GRD & SCR	ATT	CW	SZ	TL	GRD & SCR	ATT	CW	SZ	TL	GRD & SCR	ATT	CW	SE	TL	GRD & SCR
1	14/007	UGOR ADAMS	84	16	39	55	C=13.75	82	25	47	72	AB=14	80	28	26	54	CD=5 E=4	84	20	44	64	BC=6
2	14/042 14/055	LAMINI PETER DANIEL	85 85	34 16	24 35	58	C=13.75 CD=12.5	80 81	20	24	44 50	E=8 CD=10	90 90	16 28	28 30	44	E=4 C=5.5	84 84	18	42	60 73	BC=6 AB=7
4	14/055	DANIEL NAOMI	85	32	24	56	C=13.75	82	24	35	60	BC=10 BC=12	90	24	26	50	C=3.5 CD=5	78	19	24	43	E=4
5	14/069	CHUKWUMERITE NNAEMEKA GODGIFT	85	16	28	44	E=10	82	20	25	45	D=9	85	24	28	54	CD=5	80	17	33	50	CD=5
6	14/110	ADEYEFA OLADAPO ADESOPE	85	32	49	81	A=20	82	26	55	81	A=16	85	22	28	50	CD=5	80	17	39	56	C=5.5
7	14/111	KWAPLONG TASIU SA'EED	85	33	36	69	B=16.25	82	23	45	68	B=13	90	24	26	50	CD=5	82	21	46	67	B=6.5
8	14/115	ADAMU ISMAILA ABBAS	86	31	07	38	F=0	82	22	45	67	B=13	90	16	24	40	E=4	84	23	37	60	BC=6
9	14/118	SAMUEL JESSICA KUWANTA	85	16	32	48	D=11.25	81	24	36	60	BC=12	85	26	38	64	BC=6	80	16	42	58	C=5.5
10	14/122	HASSAN ALHERI DAVID	88	32	29	61	BC=15	82	26	28	54	CD=10	90	20	12	32	F=0	80	18	37	55	C=5.5
n	14/123	MUHAMMAD ABDULLAHI	88	32	29	61	BC=15	82	20	24	44	E=8	85	22	28	50	CD=5	78	16	34	50	CD=5
12	14/124	SALISU HAMIDU IBRAHIM	81	16	26	42	E=10	80	20	24	44	E=8	85	16	24	40	E=4	80	16	26	42	E=4
13	14/125	JIMMY ANDREW ABOY	82	32	02	34	F=0	82	25	30	55	C=11	90	28	24	52	CD=5	78	22	31	53	CD=5
14	14/126	LOUIS CHRISTOPHER OGBONNAYA	83	24	25	49	D=11.25	80	26	34	60	BC=12	90	28	32	60	BC=6	82	21	40	61	BC=6
15	14/136	MU'AZU MUKTAR USMAN	84	33	29	62	BC=15	82	20	25	45	D=9	85	20	14	34	F=0	84	20	40	60	BC=6
16	14/141	OGAR LYDIA OMARI	85	30	05	35	F=0	80	24	37	61	BC=12	90	28	32	60	BC=6	80	18	33	51	CD=5
17	14/148	MODU FALMATA	85	16	28	44	E=10	81	20	24	44	E=8	90	16	24	40	E=4	80	16	37	53	CD=5
18	14/149	NNABUIFE CHINENYE CHRISTAINA	85	35	39	74	AB=17.5	82	25	45	70	AB=14	85	26	24	50	CD=5	82	19	43	62	BC=6
19	14/150	PAUL VICTORIA OKON	85	37	24	61	BC=15	82	23	27	50	CD=10	85	26	26	52	CD=5	80	18	35	53	CD=5
20	14/152	OMBUGADU BENJAMIN ISHAYA	85	17	28	45	D=11.25	80	26	50	76	A=16	90	20	28	48	D=4.5	84	17	26	43	E=4

Figure 13: Print Page 3

CHOOL:	SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY								DEPARTMENT:	COMPUTER	SCIENCE
EVEL:	ND1	SEM	ESTE	R: _			FIRS	т	ACADEM	IC YEAR:	2014/2015
SN REG NO	NAME	1st GP	2nd GP	3rd	4th GP	Total GP	GPA	CGPA		REMARK	
			34		35	143					
1 14/007	UGOR ADAMS	99.75				99.75	2.85	2.85			
2 14/042	LAMINI PETER DANIEL	77.25				77.25	2.21	2.21			
3 14/055	ADOGAR MATHEW ELLEH	86.5				86.5	2.47	2.47			
4 14/068	DANIEL NAOMI	104.75				104.75	2.99	2.99			
5 14/069	CHUKWUMERITE NNAEMEKA GODGIFT	76				76	2.17	2.17			
6 14/110	ADEYEFA OLADAPO ADESOPE	116.5				116.5	3.33	3.33			
7 14/111	KWAPLONG TASIU SA'EED	121.75				121.75	3.48	3.48			
3 14/115	ADAMU ISMAILA ABBAS	85				85	2.43	2.43			
14/118	SAMUEL JESSICA KUWANTA	94.5				94.5	2.70	2.70			
0 14/122	HASSAN ALHERI DAVID	89.5				89.5	2.56	2.56			
1 14/123	MUHAMMAD ABDULLAHI	90.5				90.5	2.59	2.59			
12 14/124	SALISU HAMIDU IBRAHIM	82.5				82.5	2.36	2.36			
3 14/125	JIMMY ANDREW ABOY	74.25				74.25	2.12	2.12			
4 14/126	LOUIS CHRISTOPHER OGBONNAYA	99.25				99.25	2.84	2.84			
14/136	MU'AZU MUKTAR USMAN	104.25				104.25	2.98	2.98			
16 14/141	OGAR LYDIA OMARI	71.25				71.25	2.04	2.04			
17 14/148	MODU FALMATA	74.5				74.5	2.13	2.13			
18 14/149	NNABUIFE CHINENYE CHRISTAINA	116.75				116.75	3.34	3.34			
19 14/150	PAUL VICTORIA OKON	92.75				92.75	2.65	2.65			
20 14/152	OMBUGADU BENJAMIN ISHAYA	85.75				85.75	2.45	2.45			
21 14/154	OMALUWA ABEL PETER	110		_		110	3.14	3.14			
22 14/155	EJIM MONICA IYIYA	96.25				96.25	2.75	2.75			
23 14/156	YA'U ABUSIFIYANU	90				90	2.57	2.57			
24 14/159	BIKOM EMMANUEL OSOW-MUKO	74.25				74.25	2.12	2.12			
25 14/164	BAWA ISREAL TIMOTHY	100.5				100.5	2.87	2.87			
26 14/165	AKOLO ALHERI ASHE	77				77	2.20	2.20			
27 14/166	JEREMIAH BELIEVE NINDEM	72.75				72.75	2.08	2.08			
28 14/171	DAVOU JOHN EMMANUEL	81.75				81.75	2.34	2.34			
29 14/178	MOSES EMMANUEL	93				93	2.66	2.66			

Figure 14: Result Summary Page

SYSTEM REQUIREMENT AND SPECIFICATION 4.8

To achieve optimal system performance during usage, the following hardware and software requirements are specify as follows:

System Hardware Requirement 4.8.1

The hardware requirement for the implementation of this system is given below:

- A Core i3-i7 series Laptop of any model and above
- Hard Disk Capacity of 500GB and above
- Random Access Memory (ram) 8GB and above

4.8.2 System Software Requirement

OS: Windows 7, 8, 9, 10, Mac OS, etc.

- **Browser:** Up-to-date Google Chrome, Mozilla Firefox, etc
- Local Hosting: XAMPP 3.22v

5.0 SUMMARY

This study articulates the possible elimination or minimization process of the problem associated with the manual processing of result using a flat file system, in order to enhance efficiency and accuracy among other things. This study prompts a structural system development analysis, which entails a meticulous examination of processes involved in the old system; information gathered was used as a basis for analysis and development of a prototype system.

5.1 CONCLUSION

Computers are used to automate many systems; hence, making tedious job less tiresome and providing opportunity for users to appreciate information technology. Substantially, there is a conviction that a full-scale implementation of this result processing system will go a long way in solving some of the problems associated with the manual system of processing information or result processing. This project is also economically feasible because it reduces the cost, time of inputting student result manually. Again, this work will also promote effective and efficient information handling operation.

5.2 **RECOMMENDATION**

In reality, almost every aspect of human activity is awaiting to be automated: this account for why there is need for the application of computer to all aspect of human endeavor as possible. Due to the surprising degree of efficiency, accuracy and flexibility, it becomes obvious that computer automation is accepted in almost every essential aspect of our human lives and activities. This work is recommended for the case study in their quest to improve the current method of processing their institution students' result which shall help eliminate or minimize human lapses.

For effective implementation of the proposed system (computerized system), the following is suggested:

1. The software technologies (programming languages) or the compiler required to run this process is PHP and others specified should be uphold.

2. The minimum system requirements for both hardware and software should be maintained and all installations, maintenance and operation are to be carried out by trained computer scientist to avoid malfunction and frequent breakdown of the newly implemented system.

References

- Abel U. O and Abu M. (2013). Data Analysis and Result Computation Algorithm for Tertiary Institutions. Journal of Computer Engineering (IOSR-JCE) e-ISSN: 2278-0661, p- ISSN: 2278-8727Volume 14, Issue 3 PP 63-69. Internet :< www.jatit.org>. Accessed on 11/01/2022 www.iosrjournals.org
- [2]. Davies, A.M. (2006). Objects, Functions and States in Digital Computing. Orient Press, U.S.A, pp 64.
- [3]. Dada OlabisiMatemilayo, RajiAyodeleKamaldeen, Oyedepo Femi Samson (2017), "An Online Result Processing and Transcript Generation System: A Case Study of Kwara State Polytechnic," TETFund Sponsored Kwara State Polytechnic Journal of Research and Development Studies, Vol. 5. No. 1 June 2017.
- [4]. Eludire, A.A. (2011). The Design and Implementation of Students' Academic Record Management System. Journal of Applied Sciences, Engineering and Technology
- [5]. Hirtle, P.B (2008). Centralized Data Processing System. Yourdon Press, U.S.A, pp 86.
- [6]. Ibrahim AdedejiKamaldeen B. &Ebole Alpha F., (2020), "Enhancing Web-based Students' Results and Transcripts Computation in a Hybrid System." Location: IISTE.
- [7]. Mohini .B, and Amar. J. S, (2011). Automated Integrated University Examination System. Himachal Pradesh University Journal.
- [8]. MySQL: Internet :< http://www.mySQL.com,> Accessed on 22/01/2022
- [9]. Okonigene, R.E., Ighalo, G.I. & Ogbeifun, E., (2008). Development of Personal Record Software. The Pacific Journal of Science and Technology .9(2):407-412.
- [10]. Rilwanu Yusuf Gigane et al., (2018),"A Proposed Examination Result Processing System for Umaru Ali Shinkafi Polytechnic, Sokoto" with reference to workflow and approaches used in
- [11]. Ukem, E. O. &Onoyom-Ita, E. O, (2011). A Software Application for the Processing Of Students Results. Global Journal of Pure and Applied Sciences. Volume 17 No. 4
- [12]. Ukem, E. O. &Ofoegbu, F. A (2012). A Software Application for University Students Results Processing. Journal of Theoretical and Applied Information Technology. Vol. 35 No.1. Internet :<www.jatit.org>. Accessed on 2/01/2021

Garba Mohammed Rabiu, et. al. "Design and Development of a Database Driven Result Processing System (A case study of Isah Mustapha Agwai Polytechnic, Lafia)." *IOSR Journal of Computer Engineering (IOSR-JCE)*, 24(2), 2022, pp. 01-14.