The Effect of Market Orientation on Product Innovation

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Abstract: The research was conducted in Pakistan's market, addressing the core issues for the top management how market orientation effects product innovation, survey was conducted in respect to highlight the core variables which can affect the market response. 1-The bigger the customer orientation of a business or a firm, Additional line extensions is established to support, 2-The larger the competitor orientation of a business or a firm, more me-too products is launched in respect, 3-The larger the inter-functional coordination of a business, the added new-to-the-world products is launched

I. Introduction:
Most of the marketing control statements marketing promotion is appropriate or an development in product. The conversation on this has been ineffective because short of analyzing. Researchers look for the collaboration along with two essential improves in the contest: Support and industry positioning. With Pakistani market’s example, the professionals point up that development of product changes with industry positioning, first one position of client improves the new-to-the-world product’s release in the marketplace and cut-out the position of me-too products, second is level of resistance positioning enhance the me-too product’s release and decrease the release of extensive comprehensive extensive variety improvements and new-to-the-world products, and third is inter-functional synchronization enhance the release of extensive comprehensive extensive variety development and decrease the release of me too products. Main objective for the research is to indicate the necessary aspects & need of the industry who immediate the problems of an organization on assistance. The places we are focusing in are the managers who are responsible for an organization’s assistance and those have the liability to make up programs or methods which allows in development of a product. There are two key elements Market and development, which motivates an organization to obtain the competitive benefits over its competitors. Most of the aspects, that can extremely effect the marketing and development. Researchers are focused on determining the connection between two of the most essential features. The main focused objective of this research is to find whether industry positioning demote or persuade the product’s development.

Market Orientation
The details of clients allows in moderating due to industry placement on the client allied management efficiency and on economical efficiency as well (Kim,Yong, 2008).The efficiency strength which is obtained through the marketplace placement can impact the growth or work plus the developments if the fulfillment of clients is ignored (Lin et al 2010).

The efficiency of the business will be enhanced When the placement of the companies are enhanced, so the result will be obtained by the connections between the marketplace placement and its efficiency. The company have to notice requiring clients if their option adjusts with path of time and the companies have to wish the promotion strategy of client focused (Kim, 2004). in-house Marketing Methods has a muscle and useful pressure on Customer Positioning and the engaged system of Market Positioning (Bouranta, Mavridoglou, Kyriazopoulos. 2005).

orientation of Market allows the finishing industry wishes with elegance than to their opponents (Vazquez et al 2001). An organization’s move to a market-oriented kind is efficient (Hadcroft et al 2007).The idea of industry placement, reveals the present research within the promotion manuscript in which a firm’s inter-functional synchronized resources are being cautious on amazing and assertively react to customers’ wishes (Lnglis, Bob. 2008)

Customer Orientation
The conducts allied with customer orientation and the clarity of the roles can be enlarged when the innovative environment is observer in the organization. Customer orientation can be effected by the two forms of role stress e.g. role clarity and the conflict (Coelho et al 2010).

Every advancement with proper calculations are significantly coupled with customer orientation. The thriving business to business organizations spots the possible worth of customer orientation which has been developed using numerous measures. Customer focus and specific customer care advances present well organized resources of buyers response, it conveys more dedication to customers, given that a mean of firm
supplier - customer communication. The superior scientific method makes several ways to breed strong customer connections and collect bigger accomplishments for organizations (Strong et al 2004). The customer oriented observation’s policies of the firms and the worth by the customer can have straight or almost effects the customer devotion (Ha et al 2009).

Customer orientation & organizational position approaches are two different profiles of extra responsibility outlooks that are projected to pressure in performance of the organization brightly (Koc et al 2008). The outcomes shows relational paybacks, improved through of service employee’s customer orientation, positively effects on customers’ boost, customer delight, and also improve the re-purchase intent of the customers (Kim, Wansoo, 2009).

Customer orientation has a well-built cheering influence on the show at the intensity of innovation of the product (Tajedddini et al 2006). Organizational decision makers participates in an investigation, probably on the basis of its personal attention in, or at smallest amount of knowledge of, the implication of HP Human resource management practices and customer orientation (Miller, Janice and Johnson, Scott, 2008). The result of the study pointed out that customer orientation influence the use of Information technology in the development of life cycle (Frasquet et al 2008).

**Competitor Orientation**

Market positioning techniques effect with amazing level improvement cost, but the resistance orientation’s result rely on the tiniest of client positioning level to increase amazing products Customer positioning and resistance positioning can be used. (Grinstein, A., 2008). The offer is that companies can assistance the actions essential to complete divisional benefit by implementing the consumer positioning and resistance positioning both at once. (Langerak, Sam, 2003).

**Product Innovation**

Meanwhile for enhancement of productivity, competitors and customers placement and also inter efficient synchronisation have to sure by high-level of control mainly if the control of an company identify innovativeness in circumstances of interest to new concepts, views or concepts (Lings et al 2009). The resources of monitoring seems to be more essential than client placement in creating up the product development to its customers (Salavou, Sue, 2005).

**Inter-functional Coordination**

The completion of the papers shows more that Inter-functional coordination has no effect on a labeling out the advantages (Langerak, Sam, 2003). Inter-functional coordination and challenger positioning are connected directly. (Tsiotsou, Rodoula, 2010).

**Exploratory Background**

Two key elements of the organizations are Market positioning and assistance, considered from the old times. Both can achieve any company in getting competitive benefits over its competitors, and these aspects are becoming fashionable as well. Our research can help the organizations in Pakistani provide for their fast growth and well-built competitive place.

Marketing positioning is essential that explains us the activities, activities or designs of our customers, competitors and the synchronization of the business tasks. These aspects can immediate us to identify the market and their specifications accordingly. Number of aspects are three in industry positioning. First is customer positioning, second different is level of level of resistance positioning and the third is Inter-functional coordination. The Company can achieve the understanding and information about their customers and the adversary’s functions. Inter-functional coordination levels the corresponding job of firm’s property to kind and improve industry abilities.

Product growth is the process of creating the new products through growth and creativity in our research, Product growth provides three aspects, first is extensive wide variety growth, second is me-too products and the third one is new-to-the-world products. Range growth is the improvement or modifying in the organizations offered products, in this scenario the products are new for the market. These products are new for the company too, but suggestions in the marketplace in me-too products,. New-to-the-world products are on the whole new for the market as well as for the company.

Industry alignment and product advancement can accomplish the company in results of changing in the marketplace since things are modified quickly with time, so these factors are helpful for making the strategy.
II. Methods

Hypothesis:

Hypothesis 1: The bigger the customer orientation of a business or a firm, additional line extensions is established to support.

Hypothesis 2: The larger the competitor orientation of a business or a firm, more me-too products is launched in respect.

Hypothesis 3: The larger the inter-functional coordination of a business, the added new-to-the-world products is launched.

Participants/Subjects

Companies operating in the place of Islamabad (Pakistan) were chosen as inhabitants of our undercover analysis. The effort will be made to gather reviews and reactions from the personal industry organizations, Unilever, Procter & Bet, Mobilink, Ufone, Standard chartered and Alifah financial institution will be contacted for information selection, in-office operating at the top stage of control and center stage of control with at least three years period of practical knowledge in promotion division will be focus on as they are in better place to impress us about the consequences of industry alignment on item advancement.

Procedure

We were identified to collect lowest 15 (15) surveys from each company of our focus on for providing comparative reflection so, an quantity of 20 (20) surveys were spread in each company using non-probability expediency (accidental / haphazard) testing strategy. At very starting, we will publish all the surveys to the respondents; however in some of the situations self-control overall look will also be performed.

Measures

The adopted questionnaires about the effects of market orientation on product innovation was assessed with 13 (thirteen) -items developed by Adapted from Narver and Slater (1990).

Respondents who will be selected, examining based on a five position range series of 1. Highly accept to 5. Highly don't believe the fact.

The varying of customer orientations has 6 (six) products whose range which range from (1. Highly accept to 5. Highly disagree) or on five factor range.

The varying of competitor orientations has 4 (four) products whose range which range from (1. Highly accept to 5. Highly disagree) or on five factor range.

The varying of Inter-functional Coordination has 5 (five) products whose range which range from (1. Highly accept to 5. Highly disagree) or on five factor range.

The varying of product innovations has 3 (three) products whose range which range from (1. Highly accept to 5. Highly disagree) or on five factor range.
III. Data Analysis

Descriptive Statistics:
Descriptive statistics were used to check Mean, Median, Mode, Standard Deviation, and other needed information. liker scale is use to gauge the given items, with five points. The close illuminate the strength of product innovation.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Customer Orientation</th>
<th>Competitor Orientation</th>
<th>Inter-Functional Coordination</th>
<th>Product Innovation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mean</td>
<td>1.93</td>
<td>2.1</td>
<td>2.16</td>
<td>2.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S.Error</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>0.13</td>
<td>0.11</td>
<td>0.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Median</td>
<td>1.83</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2.33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mode</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>1.25</td>
<td>1.6</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S.Deviation</td>
<td>0.61</td>
<td>0.77</td>
<td>0.63</td>
<td>0.69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S.Variance</td>
<td>0.37</td>
<td>0.59</td>
<td>0.39</td>
<td>0.47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kurtosis</td>
<td>0.02</td>
<td>-0.74</td>
<td>-0.4</td>
<td>-0.56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skewness</td>
<td>0.72</td>
<td>0.45</td>
<td>0.54</td>
<td>-0.26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Range</td>
<td>2.5</td>
<td>2.75</td>
<td>2.6</td>
<td>2.67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>3.5</td>
<td>3.75</td>
<td>3.6</td>
<td>3.67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sum</td>
<td>67.5</td>
<td>73.5</td>
<td>75.6</td>
<td>80.67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Count</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conf.Level</td>
<td>95%</td>
<td>0.21</td>
<td>0.26</td>
<td>0.22</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The values of mean close to 1 or more then 3 are agreed or appreciated.

Customer orientation
The mean value of client alignment is 1.93, so the mean value of client alignment is decided and valued by our inhabitants. The result of client focused value shows that client motivated strategies can play an important role in product advancement.

Competitor orientation
The mean value of opponent alignment is 2.10. The mean value of opponent alignment is accepted and supported by our participants. It ingredients the significance that opponent motivated techniques can also play an important role in the product advancement.

Inter-functional Coordination
The mean value of inter-functional coordination is 2.16, so this mean value of inter-functional coordination is decided and valued by our inhabitants. Caused by this inter-functional coordination value reveals that inter-functional coordination techniques can also be successor for the item advancement

Product innovation
The mean value of item advancement is 2.30, so this mean value of item advancement is decided and valued by our inhabitants. Caused by this product- advancement value reveals that the item advancement factors can play very part

Correlation analysis:
Correlation analysis verifies the affiliation or relationship as well as the level of involvement among other variables.
The Effect of Market Orientation on Product Innovation

Relationship of customer orientation with other variables
The value of opponent alignment and client alignment is 0.49. It describes the connection is beneficial but unimportant in characteristics.
The value of inter efficient coordination and client alignment is 0.66. it reveals that the connection is beneficial and significant in characteristics.
The value of product advancement and client alignment is 0.47. That means the connection is beneficial but unimportant in characteristics.

Relationship of competitor orientation with other variables
The value of inter-functional coordination and opponent alignment is 0.76. it reveals that the connection is beneficial and important in characteristics.
The value of item advancement and opponent alignment is 0.57. in this situation the connection is beneficial and important in characteristics.

Relationship of product innovation with other variables
The value of item advancement and inter-functional coordination is 0.59. as per the figures connection is beneficial and important in characteristics.

Regression analysis:
Regression research was operate to examine the inter-dependence of two factors. The t principles less than 1 are handled as unimportant, the t principles between 1 and 2 are regarded as approved and the t principles more than 2 are regarded as extremely important. The value of conventional mistake less than 1 is approved and more than 1 is unimportant.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Regression Statistics</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Multiple R</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R Square</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjusted R Square</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standard Error</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Observations</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Coefficient</th>
<th>S. Error</th>
<th>t Stat</th>
<th>P-value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Intercept</td>
<td>0.7905</td>
<td>0.3622</td>
<td>2.1827</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Customer Orientation</td>
<td>0.1766</td>
<td>0.2078</td>
<td>0.8497</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comp. Orientation</td>
<td>0.2713</td>
<td>0.192</td>
<td>1.4129</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inter-Functional Coordination</td>
<td>0.2706</td>
<td>0.2721</td>
<td>1.0278</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Results of our analysis has shown, that the complete 34% of the difference in product advancement is elucidate by the three estimated factors of this analysis. The of connection coefficients are as 0.17, 0.27 and 0.28 in for client alignment, opponent alignment and inter efficient coordination in that order. The (t) principles for the separate factors hold about more than 0.8 watching that apart from client alignment. Both the factors are approved as their principles are 1.4 of opponent alignment and 1.0 of inter efficient coordination respectively. In the matter of client alignment, is unimportant since value is 0.8 which is less than 1. The conventional mistake principles of factors are more compact than 1. so they are watching significant or appropriate principles.

IV. Conclusion
The research was really successful and motivating. We found three requirements from this research. First of all the additional concentrate on client alignment increases the new-to-the-world items and decreases the variety of new-to-the-world affiliate marketing. The finding facilitates our perspective. And identifies what other researchers said about those activities connected to the client alignment and the understanding of the obligations can be elevated when the impressive overall tone is noticed. The two types of part pressure like quality of the positions and the issue between them can impact the Customer alignment (Coelho et al 2010).

Customers is an strategy for whom the companies regularly make an effort to innovate new items to please their wishes and needs.

The insights for each of me-to-products are improved by the opponent alignment. The results bring other researcher’s discussion, that Customer and opponent alignment can be rewardingly used to create impressive items (Grinstein, A., 2008).

Opponents frequently build the items which straight impacts the sales. The company constructs the way to reverse the place hence. This can mainly obtain by release of me-to-product.
Our third result assurance that the bigger stress on inter-functional coordination improve the release of line additions and also reduce the form of me-too items released. The summary uncovers that Inter-functional coordination has no impact on tagging out benefit (Langerak, Sam, 2003).

V. Recommendation

Three significant factors impact the Item advancement. First is client alignment, second is opponent alignment and third is inter-functional coordination. Our research reveals that the client motivated techniques can play main part in advancement of awesome. client focused companies will desire to expand the innovativeness and creativeness in items. Opponents operate a lot in product advancement, in terms of me-too-product, so the companies must be in mind-set of creating the items according to their competitors. It is much needed To improve the business and the companies be expected to take up the good connection with the industry’s other leaders, it cut down the competitors amount as well.

This research in Pakistan will really be effective for both, both areas production and support companies to recognize the reaction of their industry towards advancement. So we will recommend this research as a essential stairway to make techniques of the production and support companies in marketing field to achieve the significant objectives in long run.

APPENDIX

Measures and Items:

MARKET ORIENTATION
Adapted from Narver and Slater (1990).
Respondents selected from 1 = Excellent to 5 = Below average extent.

Customer Orientation (coefficient alpha = .18)
In comparison with our competitors:
1. We constantly monitor our level of commitment and orientation to serving customers' needs.
2. Our business objectives are driven primarily by customer satisfaction.
3. Our strategy for competitive advantage is based on our understanding of customer needs.
4. Our business strategies are driven by our beliefs about how we can create greater value for customers.
5. We measure customer satisfaction systematically and frequently.
6. We give close attention to after-sales service.

Competitor Orientation (coefficient alpha = .27)
In comparison with our competitors:
1. We rapidly respond to competitive actions that threaten us.
2. Our salespeople regularly share information within our organization concerning competitors' strategies.
3. Our Top management regularly discusses competitors' strengths and strategies.
4. We target customers where we have an opportunity for competitive advantage.

Inter-functional Coordination (coefficient alpha = .28)
In comparison with our competitors:
1. All of our business functions (e.g., marketing/sales, manufacturing, research and development [R&D], etc.) are integrated in serving the needs of our target markets.
2. All of our business functions and departments are responsive to each other's needs and requests.
3. Our top managers from every function regularly visit our current and prospective customers.
4. We freely communicate information about our successful and unsuccessful customer experiences across all business functions.
5. Our managers understand how everyone in our business can contribute to creating customer value.

PRODUCT INNOVATION
Respondents indicated how many new products their SBU had introduced during the past three years using the descriptions below.
1. Number of line extensions (products not very new to your organization but new to your market).
2. Number of me-too products (products new to your organization but not new to your market).
3. Number of new-to-the-world products (products new to your organization and new to your market).
References


